MXMR

## BROADCASTING STATION HISTORY RECORD

First licensed OCTOBER 30, 1980

Cell Letters . . . W X M R

Station Location Lexington, Mississippi

Nome DONALD G. MANUEL

Transmitter Location Sand Hill Road., Near Hwy. 12, Lexington, Mississippi

Main studio location

TO BE DETERMINED

## Authorization Record

File No.	Granted	Facilities	Expires
BPH790614AI HAAT: 300' (H&	2-14-80	106.3mhz ERP: 3.00kw TPO: 2.30kw Ch.#292A	(HGV)
(L)		CP FOR NEW FM STATION	2-14-81
BPH790614AI (1	4-28-80	CALL LETTERS ASSIGNED	
LH-800814AE	10-30-8	106.3mhz ERF:3kw	6-1-82
AAT: 300'(H&V)		106.3mhz ERF:3kw LICENSE TO COVER (BPH 790614AI) for a new st	
		790014AL) for a new st	ation.
7			
		Form BC- 124	10-15

Form BC-126 (Back) December 1978

## APPLICATION RECORD BROADCASTING

Call Letters:

WXMR NEW FM

Nome: DONALD G. MANUEL

Station Location: Lexington, Mississippi(PO P.O. Box 846, McComb, Ms. 39648)

Siditoli Ededitoli.	-CALL DECI	The state of the s	
File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BPH- 790614AI ACCEPTED ULI 2- 79	CUI UI	Construction permit for new FM on: Frequency: 106.3MHz #292 ERP: 3.0KW H&V HAAT:300'H&V ant: PHELPS DODGE CFM LP3,3 sections H&V TL: Sand Hill Rd., near Hwy12, Lexington, Mississ SL&RC: to be determined 33 06 14 90 00 10 MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION UNDER SECTION 1.1305 ATTY: John L. Tierney	G R an a c a 2-14-80
BLH-800314AE PTA PRESS 302 8/14/80		License to cover (BPH-790614AI) for a new station.  Station.  Station.	GRANTED 10-30-80  Form 8C-121 Merch 1979

## **About the History Cards ...**

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12<sup>th</sup> Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

