



FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
FM BROADCAST STATION LICENSE

Official Mailing Address:

ADVENTIST BROADCASTING SERVICE, INC.
12501 OLD COLUMBIA PIKE
SILVER SPRING, MD 20904

Authorizing Official:

Edward P. DeLoach
Dale E. Bickel
Supervisory Engineer, FM Branch
Audio Services Division
Mass Media Bureau

RPC
ERD

Grant Date: JUL 15 1992

Call sign: KSDA-FM

This license expires 3:00 am.
local time: February 01, 1998

License File No.: BLED-920225KA

This license covers Permit No.: 910617IC

Subject to the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, subsequent acts and treaties, and all regulations heretofore or hereafter made by this Commission, and further subject to the conditions set forth in this license, the licensee is hereby authorized to use and operate the radio transmitting apparatus herein described.

This license is issued on the licensee's representation that the statements contained in licensee's application are true and that the undertakings therein contained so far as they are consistent herewith, will be carried out in good faith. The licensee shall, during the term of this license, render such broadcasting service as will serve the public interest, convenience, or necessity to the full extent of the privileges herein conferred.

This license shall not vest in the licensee any right to operate the station nor any right in the use of the frequency designated in the license beyond the term hereof, nor in any other manner than authorized herein. Neither the license nor the right granted hereunder shall be assigned or otherwise transferred in violation of the Communications Act of 1934. This license is subject to the right of use or control by the Government of the United States conferred by Section 606 of the Communications Act of 1934.

Name of Licensee:

ADVENTIST BROADCASTING SERVICE, INC.

Station Location:

GU-AGAT

Call sign: KSDA-FM

License No.: BLED-920225KA

Frequency (MHz): 91.9

Channel: 220

Class: C2

Hours of Operation: Unlimited

Main Studio Address:

GU-2000 TORRES ADVENTISTA STREET, AGAT

Transmitter location (address or description):

6.3 KM SE OF AGANA, 7.9 KM NE OF AGAT, MT ALUTOM SUMMIT,
AGAT, GUAM.

Remote control point address:

GU-2000 TORRES ADVENTISTA STREET, AGAT

Transmitter: Type accepted. See Sections 73.1660, 73.1665 and 73.1670
of the Commission's Rules.

Transmitter output power (kW): 4.0

Antenna type: (directional or non-directional): Non-directional

Desc: JAMPRO JMPC-2, 2 SECTIONS, CIRCULARLY POLARIZED, POLE
MOUNTED ON A GUYED STEEL TOWER.

Antenna coordinates: North Latitude: 13 25 53.0
East Longitude: 144 42 36.0

	Horizontally Polarized Antenna	Vertically Polarized Antenna
Effective radiated power in the horizontal plane (kW) :	3.8	3.8
Height of radiation center above ground (meters) :	29.0	29.0
Height of radiation center above mean sea level (meters) :	344.0	344.0

Height of radiation center above

average terrain (meters) : 305.0 305.0

Overall height of antenna structure above ground (including obstruction

lighting, if any) : 31.0 meters

Obstruction marking and lighting specifications for antenna
structure:

It is to be expressly understood that the issuance of these specifications is in no way to be considered as precluding additional or modified marking or lighting as may hereafter be required under the provisions of Section 303(q) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Paragraph 1.0, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

Antenna structures shall be painted throughout their height with alternate bands of aviation surface orange and white, terminating with aviation surface orange bands at both top and bottom. The width of the bands shall be equal and approximately one-seventh the height of the structure, provided however, that the bands shall not be more than 100 feet nor less than 1 and 1/2 feet in width. All towers shall be cleaned and repainted as often as necessary to maintain good visibility.

Paragraph 2.0, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

There shall be installed at the top of the tower at least two 116- or 125-watt lamps (A21/TS) enclosed in aviation red obstruction light globes. The two lights shall burn simultaneously from sunset to sunrise and shall be positioned so as to insure unobstructed visibility of at least one of the lights from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. A light sensitive control device or an astronomic dial clock and time switch may be used to control the obstruction lighting in lieu of manual control. When a light sensitive device is used it should be adjusted so that the lights will be turned on at a north sky light intensity level of about thirty-five foot candles and turned off at a north sky light intensity level of about fifty-eight foot candles.