

#### BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed FEBRUARY 7, 1980

Name of licensee RAINBOW BROADCASTING CO., INC.

Transmitter location 1.3 miles west of intersection of hiways 25

XX to be determined Gordonville, Missouri

# CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

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Appl.	Date		Power	Time Div.	Period From To-
No.	Issued	Freq.			
BPH-10793 HAAT: 300	(H&V) (L)	CP FOR	NEW FM S	TATION	11-1-79
BPH-10933 (1)	1-3-79	CALL LE	TERS AS:	IGNED &	EBSA ISSUED
BLH-781206AC	2-7-80	HAAT: 290 to cover	ort.(H&V	TPO:2.2k License 333) for	

Form RC-121 May 1976

### APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call KJAQ-FF

Name Rainbow Broadcasting Co., Inc.
Gordonville, Missouri (PO 1301 Woodland Drive, Jackson, Missouri 63755)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Nature	Date
BPH-10933 R&F PRESS: JUN	1-17-78 1-20-78 2 3 1978			11-1-78
AMENDED	5-18-78	ascertainemtn of community leaders and eng. (chg transmission line efficiency and trans		
AMENDED	7-27-78	engr.(trans line efficiency and trans output power.	er)	

Form BC-121 May 1976

## APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters

KJAQ\_FM

File No. Dated		Application for	Nature Date	
I-781206AG FA: RESS:	12-15-78 JUN 6 197	License to cover (BPH-10933) for New Station. SL&RC: Rt. Z and Clark St., Gordonville, Missouri.	GRANTED	2-7-80
		Atty: Robert S. Thorpe (Arnold & Porter)		
ALH810612GV orm 314 PRESS JU Also see KJ PN filed 6-2		Vol AL to Cape Girardeau County Communication a limited Partnership (Alfred C. Sikes General Partner)  Atty Richard R. Zaragoza	8	
		F.C.C WASHINGTON, D. C.		

#### **About the History Cards ...**

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12<sup>th</sup> Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

