KEDY

Form BC 126 June 1954 OFFICIAL NO. 3360 FREQUENCY MODULATION

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed 1-25-78

Call letters KEDY

Station location Shoata Calif.

Name of licensee SHASTA CASCADE BROADCASTING COR FORATION

Transmitter location ... East Alma St., Mt. Shasta, California (PH 7-2-75)

Main studio location _____SAME_AS_TRANSMITTER

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl.	Date			Time	Period
No.	Issued	Frequ	Power	Div.	From To
BPH-9333	7-2-75	95.3MHz	ERP: 3	kw(H&V)	7-2-76
HAAT: mi	nus 1300£	t(HaV) #	237 Cla	88-A	
(L)		C	P for NE	d FM Stat	on
SEAL STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1) 9-2-75	Call	etters a	asigned	
EBSA	9-2-75	The second second		THE RESERVE	3 0 99
B(F)(-148)	7(2) 7-19	76 MF(F)	11-93330)	ext. tim	to 1-2-77
BMPH-149	91 12-22	-76 MP	BPH-93	13, as m	pd}
		ext	time t	0	6-2-77
BLH-733	1-25-78			hs mod.)	12-1-80
		Name and Address of the Owner, where the Person of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is	Station		
BRH-8007	29UG (S) 1	-17-80 F	enewal o	f License	12-1-83
			THE STATE OF		
	100		-		

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters × NEW-FM

Name Shasta Cascade Broadcasting Corporation
Nt. Shasta, California (PO P. O. Box 448, East Alma Street, Mt. Shasta, Cal. 96067)

-	Suasta, our		Ac	tion
File No.	Dated	Application for	Nature	
BPH-9333	12-16-74	CP for New FM on: 95.3mhz #237	GRANTE	D 7-2-75
R&F	1-2-75	ERP: 3KW(H&V) HAAT: minus 1297'(H&V)	COND' L	
#378438 \$10	D 1-3-75	Trans: RCA BTF-3E1: Ant: RCA BFH-3A, 3 sects		req. \$1,350.00
Code 013		(H&V)	Pd. 002	8-19-75
	EB 19 1975	TL-SL: East Alma Street, Mt. Shasta, Californ	W 464259	
P. N. Rec'd	2-10-75	41- 19. 09 122 10. 33		
		Atty: Richard Hildreth (Fletcher, Heald etc.)		
		Engr: A. E. Towne (Belmont, California)		
AMENDED	6-9-75	FAA Form 7460-1 and FCC Form 714.		
BMPH-148	43 5-24-76	MP{BPH-9333} ext time to	27.44.7	
R&F	6-1-76	{New Station}	GRANTED	7-19-76
	00 F-3-5P	Distance Wilders	10	1-2-77
CODE DOI	JUN 2 1 1976	Atty. Richard Hildreth		
PRESS	JUN - 1			
THE PARTY OF				
	and the same of th	F.G.G. WASHINGTON G.C.		

Nay 1976

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Q5.3MHZ
Call
Letters K.E.D.Y.

Name Shasta Cascade Broadcasting Corporation Mt. Shasta, California

116	. 31103 601	Carroning	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE
File No.	Dated	Application for	Nature	Date
BMPH-14991 R & F 640918\$100 CODE 001 PRESS	11-22-76 11-26-76 11-29-76 EC 9 1976	{New Station} Atty. Richard Hildreth	GRAN	TED 12-22-76 6-2-77
BRH 800729	3-17-77 UN 6 1977	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	1-25-78
		F.C.C WASHINGTON, D.C.		

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

