

W V S U-FM

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CATALOG NO. 4550L 1/5

Form BC 126
June 1954 #336

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL - FM

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed 4-6-67

Call letters WVSU-FM

Station location Birmingham, Alabama

Name of licensee SAMFORD UNIVERISTY

Transmitter location 800 Lakeshore Drive(Samford University), Birmingham, Alabama (PED-6-7-66)

ZIP 35209

Main studio location Same as Transmitter

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From - To	
BPED-724 HAAT: ---	6-7-66	91.1mc. Ch#216	ERP: --- TPO: 10w	Unl.	8-7-66 2-7-67	
CP for a new Class D non-commercial educational FM broadcast station.						
BPED-724 (1)	8-17-66	Mod. of CP(BPED-724) to assign call letters W V S U-FM.				
BLED-550 HAAT: --	4-6-67	91.1mcs CH.#216	ERP: - - U TPO: 10w		4-1 4-1-70	
Lic to cover CP(BPED-724) which auth a new non-commercial ED broadcast station						
BRED-336(S) + EBSA	7-14-71 5-15-72	RENEWAL				4-1-73
BRED-336(S)	3-30-73	RENEWAL				4-1-76
BRED-336(L)	3-30-76	RENEWAL				4-1-79
BRED781201XB (S)	5-11-79	Renewal of license				4-1-82

FORM BC-121
AUG. 1955

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL FM
APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call WVSU-FM
Letters ~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~ FM

Name SAMFORD UNIVERSITY
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA (PO % G. Allan Yeomans, 800 Lakeshore Drive, Birmingham, Ala.)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action 35209)	
			Nature	Date
BPED-724 R & F	3-11-66 3-16-66	Construction permit for a new non-commercial educational FM broadcast station to be operated on: Frequency: 91.1mc CH 216 TPO: 10w Type trans: Gates-BFE-10C Type ant: Gates-FM-22, 1 section Trans loc: 800 Lakeshore Drive, Birmingham, Ala. Studio loc: Same as transmitter.	GRANTED	6-7-66
BLED-550 R & F	10/17/66 10/19/66	Lic. to cover CP (BPED-724) which auth. a new non-commercial educational broadcast station.	GRANTED	4-6-67

G. ALIAN YEOMANS

TELE: 879-6885

ADDRESS: 2032 Hickory Rd.
Birmingham, Alabama 35216

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL FM

Call
Letters WVSU-FM

Name SANFORD UNIVERSITY
Birmingham, Alabama

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BRED-336 R & F	12-22-69 12-29-69	Renewal of License AMENDED 4-9-70 re: Programming	GRANTED	7-14-71
BRED-336 R & F PN Recd. PRESS FEB 8 1973	12-15-72 12-22-72	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	3-30-73
BRED-336 R& F PN Recd. PRESS DEC 5 1975	11-24-75 11-28-75 "	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	4-9-76
BRED 781201 KB PRESS JAN 8 1 1979		RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	5-11-79

#3

APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING
91.1MHz

Call Letters: WVSU-FM

Name: SAMFORD UNIVERSITY

Station Location: BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
201227AT RECEIVED ACCEPTED APR 30 1981	CUT OFF 2-20-80 NOV 22 '81	CP incr ERP: 125 watts; HAAT: 88'	

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

