

WSUC-FM

WP

BC-126  
June 1975

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL FM

# BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Official Number 929

Date first licensed May 12, 1977

Call letters WSUC-FM

Station location Cortland, N.Y.

Name of licensee STATE UNIVERSITY of NEW YORK

Brockway Hall, Graham Avenue, Cortland, New York (PED-11-14-80)

Transmitter location x Brockway Hall, State Univ. College at Cortland, NY

{PED 5-14-76}

Brockway Hall, Graham Avenue, Cortland, New York (PED-11-14-80)

Main studio location x Neubig Hall, Neubig Rd., Cortland, NY {PED 5-14-76}

# CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2144 {L}	5-14-76	90.7MHz Ch. 214	TP0: Class-D {RC}	10 Watts	5-14-77
		CP for NEW EDUC FM Station			
BPED-2144{0}	7-19-76	Call ltrs assigned			
EBSA	7-19-76				
BLED-1632(L)	5-12-77	Lic. (BPED-2144) for new sta.			6-1-78
BRED-929(S)	6-20-78	Renewal			6-1-81
BPED791219AH HAAT: -101' (L)	11-14-80	90.5mhz	ERP: .240kW		11-14-81
		CP to chg freq., chg TL&SL.			
BRED810127UP(S)	5-29-81		RENEWAL		6-1-84

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call **WSUC-FM**  
Letters ~~X~~ **NEW-EDUC-FM**

Name **State University of New York**  
**Cortland, New York (PO 99 Washington Avenue, Albany, New York 12210)**

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BPED-2144 R & F No Fee Required Press P. N. Rec'd	8-5-75	CP for a New Educ. FM on: 90.7mhz #214 TPO: 10 Watts Trans: Gates BFE-10C; Ant: Gates FM-22, 2 sects. TL: Brockway Hall-State University College at Cortland, New York SL-RC: Neubig Hall, Neubig Road, Cortland, New York  42° 36' 00" - 76° 11' 15"  Atty: Sanford H. Levin (Albany, N. Y.) Engr: Dick Crozier (Cortland, N. Y.) Section IV-A (Programming)	GRANTED	5-14-76
	11-19-75			
	APR 1 1976			
	3-25-76			
AMENDED	5-7-76			
BLED-1632 R & F PTA BESS	11-5-76	Lic. (BPED-2144) for new sta. ERP: .0144kw HAAT: 68.5 ft. Trans. Gates-Harris BFE 10G3	GRANTED	5-12-77
	11-11-76			
	11-17-76			
	MAR 21 1977			

#2

Form BC-121  
May 1976

## APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

90.7 mhz

Call  
Letters WSUC-FMName STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK  
CORTLAND, NEW YORK

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BRED-929 R & F PRESS	1-9-78 1-16-78 MAR 3 1978	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	6-20-78
BPED-791219AH (C)  ACCEPTED PN RECD. AUG 22 '80	1-29-80 OCT 3 '80	CP chg freq 90.5MHz#213; ERP: 241 watts HAAT: minus 101' chg TL&SL: Brockway Hall, Graham Avenue, Cortland, New York 42 35 53                      76 11 13	GRANTED	11-14-80
BRED810127UP PRESS MAR 12 1981		Renewal of License	GRANTED	5-29-81

## About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12<sup>th</sup> Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

