

K S J U

BC-126  
June 1975

## BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

OFFICIAL NO. 992  
Date first licensed ..... 6-27-78

Call letters ..... K S J U

Station location ..... Collegeville, MN

Name of licensee ..... ST JOHN'S UNIVERSITY

Transmitter location ..... Nequette Hill, 0.7 mi NE of Auditorium, Collegeville, MN  
{PED 9-23-76}

Main studio location ..... Univ. Auditorium, Collegeville, Minn. {PED 9-23-76}

# CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2180 {L}	9-23-76	89.1MHz	TPO: 10 watts Class-D		U {RC} 9-23-77
		ch. 206	CP for NEW EDUC FM Station		
BPED-2180(1) EBSA	12-6-76 12-6-76		Call letters assigned		
----- BLED-2180 HAAT: -- Lic. (BPED-2180)	6-27-78 (RC)	89.1MHz #206	ERP: -- TPO: 10 watts for New Station.		4-1-80
----- BRED791203XY(6)	3-25-80		Renewal of License		4-1-83
----- BPED-791206AA HAAT: 480' (L)	10-23-80	89.1mhz	ERP: 155W CP to increase ERP; HAAT and mke chg in antenna system.		10-23-81
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APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call K S J U  
Letters X.NEW-EDUC-FM.....

Name St. John's University  
Collegeville, Minnesota (PO St. John's University, Collegeville, Minnesota 56321)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BPED-2180 R & F No Fee Required Press P. N. Rec'd	12-30-75 1-7-76 MAR 11 1976 9-7-76	CP for New Educ. FM on: 89.1mhz #206 TPO: 10 Watts Trans: Sparta 680/1; Ant: Collins 37M-8, 8 sects. TL: Nequette Hill, 0.7 mile northeast of Auditorium, Collegeville, Minnesota SL-RC: St. John's University Auditorium Building, Collegeville, Minnesota  45° 34' 57" - 94° 22' 54"  Atty: Hughes, Hughes, Thoreen & Sullivan (St. Cloud, Mn.) Engr: Daniel B. Rieder (St. Cloud, Mn.)	GRANTED	9-23-76

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

89.1 MHz

Call Letters K S J U

Name ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY  
Collegeville, Minnesota

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BLED-2180 R & F PTA: PRESS: APR 3 1978	9-16-77 9-21-77 10-6-77	Lic. (BPED-2180) New Station. Trans: Collins 831A-2 Atty: ---	GRANTED	6-27-78
<del>BPED791206AA</del> AUG 22 80 08 2 100	<del>CUT OFF</del> OCT 3 80 08 2 100	<del>ACCEPTE</del> <del>CUT OFF</del> Incr ERP: 154 watts; HAAT: <del>CUT OFF</del> and make chgs in ant sys	GRANTED	10-23-80
BRED791203XY PR 100 JAN 3 1 1980		RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	3-25-80
<del>810204AA</del> ACCEPTED APR 3 '81		Construction permit to incr. ERP: 7.711 kW <del>CUT OFF</del> MAY 22 '81		

## APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING

89.1MHz.

Call Letters: K S J U

Name: ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY

Station Location: COLLEGEVILLE, MINNESOTA

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BMPED810709AO PRESS	(0) AUG 27 1981	MP (BPED-791206AA) For Extension of Time to: <u>5-21-82</u> (FOR CHGS.)	

## About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12<sup>th</sup> Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

