

K G R C

 SPERRY RAND

REMOVABLE LABEL TAB

GUIDES AND FOLDERS

MADE IN U. S. A.

CATALOG NO. 4550L 1/8

Form BC 126
June 1954

#754

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed 2-4-75

Call letters K G R G

Station location Auburn, Wash.

Name of licensee GREEN RIVER COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Transmitter location 12401 S.E. 320th Street, Auburn, Washington (PED-7-25-73)

Main studio location Same as transmitter

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From- To
BPED-1602 HAAT: --	7-25-73	89.9mhz. #210	ERP: -- Class D	TPO: 10w	7-25-74
CP for New FM HD Station					
BPED-1602(1)	9-24-73	Call letters assigned.			
EBSA	9-24-73				
BPED-1,869 HAAT: --	9-9-74	89.9mhz. #210	ERP: -- TPO: 10w		3-9-75
CP to replace expired CP (BPED-1602)					
BLED-1330(L)	2-4-75	Lic.(BPED-1869)-New Sta.			2-1-78
BRED-754(S)	3-13-79	RENEWAL OF LICENSE			2-1-81
BPED-791211AB HAAT: 185' (L)	5-6-81	89.9mhz	ERP: .100kW(h)	U	5-6-82
CP to incre. ERP; chg. HAAT.					

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters K G R G
X NEW-EDUC-FM

Name Green River Community College
Auburn, Washington (PO 12401 S.E. 320th Street, Auburn, Washington 98002)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BPED-1,602 Rec'd: 2-20-73 NO FEE REQUIRED PRESS: MAR 14 1973 Resubmitted 3-22-73 Filed: 3-26-73 PRESS: APR 17 1973 PN REC'd: 6-25-73		CP for New Educ. FM on: 89.9mhz. #210 TPO: 10 Watts Trans: Wilkinson-FM-10E; Ant: Shively-6604-2, 4 sections. T_SL: 12401 SE 320th Street, Auburn, Washington 47° 18' 43" - 122° 10' 35" Atty--- Engr---	RETURNED (No Original Document & -Appl. Not Dated-) GRANTED	3-13-73 7-25-73
BPED-1,869 R & F No Fee Required Press	8-12-74 8-16-74	CP to replace expired permit (BPED-1,602).	GRANTED	9-9-74
BLED-1330 Rec'd Resub. 11-19 Filed 11-25 PTA PRESS	11-8-74 11-19-74 11-25-74 12-6-74 DEC 30 1974	Lic.(BPED-1869)-New Sta.	RETURNED 11-19-74 date & signature, see -1- GRANTED	11-19-74 2-4-75

PN mailed: 4-12-73.

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call
Letters K G R GName GREEN RIVER COMMUNITY COLLEGE
AUBURN, WASHINGTON

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BRED-754 R & F P.N. PRESS	11-16-77 11-21-77 NOV 25 1977	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	3-13-79
BPED 791211AB (C) ACCEPTED PN RECD. Amended 80	5-20-80 4-7-81 NOV 7 1980	CP incr ERP: 100 watts and HAAT: 185.38' OUT OFF Ascertainment Report	GRANTED:	5-6-81
BRED 801104 UA PRESS	NOV 21 1980	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	1-30-81

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

