

KMSC

BC-126
June 1975

NON-COMM-EDUC FM

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed 6-11-79

Call letters K.M.S.G.

Station location Sioux City, Iowa

Name of licensee MORNINGSIDE COLLEGE

Transmitter location Lewis Hall, 1501 Morningside Ave., Sioux City, Iowa (PED-11-15-77)

Main studio location SAME AS TRANSMITTER (PED-11-15-77)

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2426 HAAT: --- (L)	11-15-77	88.3mhz. #202 CP for new ED FM broadcast station	ERP: --- Class-D	TPO: 10W U	11-15-78
BPED-2426 (1)	1-30-78	CALL LETTERS & EBSA ASSIGNED.			
BLED-1764	7-11-79	Lic. (BPED-2426) Station	for New		2-1-80
BRED 791002 UR	1-24-80	(S) RENEWAL			2-1-83

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call **KMSC**
Letters **X NEW EDUC FM**

Name **MORNINGSIDE COLLEGE**
Sioux City, Iowa (PO 1501 Morningside Ave., Sioux City, Iowa 51106)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BPED-2426 Rec'd Filed PN REC'D PRESS:	2-8-77	Construction permit for new Educational FM:	GRANTED	11-15-77
	2-10-77	Freq: 88.3mhz #202		
	2-10-77	TPO: 10 watts		
	3-10-77	Trans:Wilkinson FM-10E;Ant:Phelps-Dodge ECFM-3,		
	MAY 27 1977	3 sects TL-SL: Lewis Hall, 1501 Morningside Ave., Sioux City, Iowa		
		42° 28' 28.4" 96° 21' 34"		
		Atty:----		
		Engr: Rea Bowman (Topeka, Kansas)		
AMENDED	10-19-77	financial		
BLER-1764	3-16-78	Lic. (BPED-2426) for New Station.		
R & F	3-16-78			
PTA:	3-27-78	Atty: ---	Gr.	7-11-79
PRESS:	APR 24 1978			

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

