

BC-126 June 1975

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

OFFICIAL NO. 981

Date first licensed

4-26-78

Call letters KINF

Station location Dodge City, Kansas

Name of licensee DODGE CITY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Transmitter location 14th St. & Hwy 50, by-pass, Dodge City, Kansas (PED-9-2-77)

Main studio location SAME AS TRANSMITTER (PED-9-2-77

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

COMB	INCOLLO				
Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2400 HAAT: (L)	9-2-77	#220	(RC)	Class-D	
BPED-2400(1) 11-7-77			EBSA ASSI	The second secon
BLED-1748 HAAT: Lic.	4-26-78 (BPED-2400)	#220	ERP: -	(RC)	6-1-80
	G 9712/79	91.9mhz CP to in	ERP: 2.	Okw (H)	9/12/80
BLED- 800117AA HAAT: 125' (H&V)/(L)	6-2-80	Lic. to	ERP:2.6 cover (BPED-	6-1-83

Form BC-121 May 1976

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call K I N F Letters X NEW-EDUC-FM

Name Dodge City Community College
Dodge City, Kensas (PO 14th and By-Pass 50, Dodge City, Kansas 67901)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Nature Nature	Date
BPED-2400 R & F PRESS: APR PN REC'd:	12-21-76 1-3-77 20 1977 8-22-77	CP for a new Educ. FM on: 91.9mhz. #220 TPO: 10 Watts Trans: HARRIS-BFE-10C; Ant: HARRIS-FM-44A, 4 sections TL-SL & RC: 14th St. & Hwy. 50, By-Pass (LRC Bldg., Rm. 620) Dodge City, Kansas 37° 46' 30.6 - 100° 02' 03.75" Atty	tests aut demonstra with item	
BLED-1748 R & F PTA: PRESS: M	1-31-78 2-7-78 2-10-78 AR 1 5 1978	Engr- Rea Bowman Lic. (BPED-2400) New Station. Atty:	GRANTED	4-26-78

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters KINF

File No. Dated		Application for	Nature Date	
PED-790118AG PRESS:	MAR 1 9 1979	Construction permit to install new trans(HARR) FM-1K); chg ERP: 2613 watts and HAAT: 123.40'	S GRANTED	9/12/79
BLED-800117AA PTA PRESS	1/31/80 MAR 19 1980	License to cover (BPED-790118AG) for changes. Atty: None	GRANTED	6-2-80
BRED800623UA PRESS JUL 2	1980	License to Operate on: 91.9MHz, TPO: 10w,	proved	10-8-8/ ISSUED
1-17-80		P. C. C WASHINGTON, D. C.		

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

