KCME

BC-126 June 1975

### BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed April 1, 1980

Call letters KCME

Station location Manitou Springs, CO

Name of licensee CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN PUBLIC BROADCAST HOSUE, INC.

Transmitter location .8.1 .mi. .SSE of City Hall in Manitou Springs in Cheyenne Mtn., Manitou ...
Springs, Colorado (PED-9-27-78)

## CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No. BPED-2569	Date Issued 9-27-78	Freq. 88.1mhz	Power ERP:	Time Div.	Period From- To- 9-27-79
HAAT: 2070		#201 CP for	(RC) new FM l	Class- roadcast	tation
(1)					BSA ISSUED
BLED-790925	License to new stati	HAAT: 2 o cover	ERP: 1070 feet (BPED-25		4-1-83

Form BC-121 May 1976

### APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call KCME NEW EDUCATIONAL FM

Name Cheyenne Mountain Public Broadcast House, Inc.
Manitou Springs, Colorado (PO 68 Minnehaha Avenue, Manitou Springs, Colorado 80829)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Nature	Date
BPED-2569 R & F PN REC'D PRESS:	9-6-77 9-13-77 10-31-77	Construction permit for new Educational FM on Frequency: 88.1mhz #201 ERP: 16KW HAAT: 2073.8' trans. Westinghouse FM-3	: GRANTED	9-27-78
	DEC 1 197		8,	
	6-2-678	MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FILING AMENDED financial(amt contributes to trans., loan		
AMENDED	8-23-78	financial and ascertainment of community problem	8	
		F.C.C WASHINGTON, D. C.	1	

# NON-CML-ED-FM APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

88.1 mHz

Call Letters

CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN PUBLIC BROADCAST HOUSE, INC.
Menitou Springs, Colorado Name

File No.	Dated	Application for		Nature Act	10n Date
LED-790925A		License to cover (BPED-2569) for NEW	STATION	GRANTED	4-1-80
	EC 1 2 1979	Atty:			
		F.C.C WASHINGTON, D. C.			

#### **About the History Cards ...**

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12<sup>th</sup> Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

