

W P R Y



REMOVABLE LABEL GUIDE

Cat. No. 4550L

Patent No. 1396189

BC-126
June 1975

AM

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

No. 5034

Date first licensed April 7, 1977

Call letters W P R Y (3-1-76)

Station location Perry, Florida

Name of licensee H. S. HAGAN, JR.

Transmitter location ~~At corner of Springfield &~~ 700 West
Ash Streets, Perry, Florida

Main studio location same as transmitter

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BP-19,649	11-21-75	CP for new Standard B/C Station 1400kHz	250W N-1kW-D Unlimited		11-21-76
BP-19,649	3-1-76	call letters assigned			
BP-19,649(L)	11-21-75	Supersede	to correct TL,SL & trans.		
BP-19,649(L)	11-21-75	Supersede to correct ant.	& ground sys. & obstruction markings.		
BL-14,209(L)	4-7-77	Lic. to cover BP-19,649 for NEW STANDARD BROADCAST STATION 1400khz, 250w-1kw LS- Unl.			2-1-79
BR 781010 UA	3-13-79	(S) REN. OF LIC.			2-1-82

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters ~~XXXX~~ W P R Y

Name H. S. HAGAN JR.
Perry Florida (c/o 4909 Sunflower Drive, Rockville, Md. 20853)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BP-19,649	4-7-74	CP for a new standard broadcast station on:	Designated for Hearing	AUG 13 1974 #20131
Rec'd	4-9-74	Freq: 1400khz.		
Filed	4-9-74	power-250w, 1kw -LS	GRANTED	11-21-75
\$100-301337	4-9-74	Hours-Unl.		
AC-017		Trans. CGA-AM-1000D- 700 West	GRANT FEE REQUESTED	561159 \$1350.00
PN filed		TL & SL- At=corner=Springfield=& Ash Street,		
PRESS: MAY 10 1974		Perry Florida	AC:001	4-26-76
		30° 07' = 43 83° 35' 22"		
		Atty Dean George Hill	Min. survey.	
		Engr John H. Mullaney, P.E		
		Requesting W P R Y facilities		
AMENDED (ORDER)	7-5-74 re revised Section II, page 4, Section III and community survey.	Supplemental Infor. w/ref. Community Survey.		
AMENDED	12-6-74 re: Financial data and new ascertainment of Community needs & Trans/Studio.	to 700 W. Ash St. and chg. tran. Sparta 701		
AMENDED	5-15-75 (Order) re: supplemental infor. on ascertainment of community needs & problems.			
AMENDED	4-3-75 (Order) re ascertainment of community needs and problems			

Amended (Order) 4-14-75 re: Supplemental infor. Ascertainment of community needs &
Problems, Survey

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

1400khz

#2

Call
Letters W.P.R.Y

Name H.S. HAGAN, JR.
Perry, Florida

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BL-14,209 R & F PTA Amend PRESS	9-13-76 9-13-76 11-4-76 10-14-76	Lic. to cover BP-19,649 for New Standard Broadcast Station enr. data	GRANTED	4-7-77
FEB 3 1977				
BR781010UA PRESS	OCT 20 1978	RENEWAL OF LICENSE		
			GRANTED	3-13-79

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file. History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form – 3" by 5" filing cards – for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). The History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above. Generally, they have been left as negatives as those are often easier to read.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

