

## Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

October 28, 2014

DA 14-1547

Released: October 28, 2014

Media General Communication Holdings, LLC 333 East Franklin Street Richmond, VA 23219

Re: WVTM-TV, Birmingham, Alabama

Facility ID 74173 FRN: 0015751217

## Dear Licensee:

This letter is in reference to Station WVTM-TV, Birmingham, Alabama (the "Station"), which is licensed to Media General Communications Holdings LLC (the "Licensee"). We hereby admonish the aforementioned Station for its failure to comply with the limits on commercial matter in children's programming.

In the Children's Television Act of 1990, Pub. L. No. 101-437, 104 Stat. 996-1000, codified at 47 U.S.C. Sections 303a, 303b and 394, Congress directed the Commission to adopt rules, inter alia, limiting the amount of commercial matter that commercial television stations may air during children's programming. Pursuant to this statutory mandate, the Commission adopted Section 73.670 of the Rules, 47 C.F.R. § 73.670, which limits the amount of commercial matter which may be aired during children's programming to 10.5 minutes per hour on weekends and 12 minutes per hour on weekdays. These commercial limitations became effective on January 1, 1992.

In furtherance of the CTA's underlying purpose to protect children from excessive and inappropriate commercial messages, the Commission adopted the website address rules.<sup>3</sup> The website address rules restrict the display of Internet web addresses during children's programming directed at children ages 12 and under.<sup>4</sup> Specifically, Section 73.670(b) permits the display of Internet website addresses during program material or promotional material not counted as commercial time only if: (1) the website offers a substantial amount of *bona fide* program-related or other noncommercial content; (2) the website is not primarily intended for commercial purposes, including either e-commerce or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Policies and Rules Concerning Children's Television Programming, MM Docket Nos. 90-570 and 83-670, Report and Order, , 6 FCC Rcd 2111 (1991), recon. granted in part, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 6 FCC Rcd 5093 (1991).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Policies and Rules Concerning Children's Television Programming, MM Docket Nos. 90-570 and 83-670, Order, 6 FCC Rcd 5529 (1991).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Children's Television Obligations of Digital Television Broadcasters, MM Docket No 00-167, Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 19 FCC Rcd 22943, 22961-62, ¶¶ 50-52 (2004) ("2004 Report and Order"), aff'd in part, amended in part, Second Order on Reconsideration and Second Report and Order, 21 FCC Rcd 11065, 11077-78, ¶¶ 29-32 (2006) ("2006 Order on Reconsideration"); see also 47 C.F.R. §73.670(b), (c), and (d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See 2004 Report and Order, 19 FCC Rcd at 22961, ¶ 50; 47 C.F.R. § 73.670, note 2.

advertising; (3) the website's home page and other menu pages are clearly labeled to distinguish the noncommercial from the commercial sections; and (4) the page of the website to which viewers are directed by the website address is not used for e-commerce, advertising, or other commercial purposes (e.g., contains no links labeled "store" and no links to another page with commercial material).<sup>5</sup>

On January 8, 2014, the Licensee filed its fourth quarter 2013 children's television programming report renewal applications for the Station. In response to question 17 the Licensee stated that on October 12, 2013, the Station aired the URL address for the website "www.lazytown.com" (*last visited Jul.* 2, 2014), which appeared during the closing credits of the children's program "LazyTown." The inclusion of the website address is described as being "inadvertently included" and "fleeting." The program was supplied to the Station, through the NBC network, by Sprout as part of the NBC Kids Saturday Morning E/I Block. The Licensee goes on to highlight the precautions NBC Network takes to avoid such an incident and notes that NBC Network is "working with Sprout to develop and implement additional procedures to minimize the possibility of a re-occurrence of this isolated incident."

Even though the website address was displayed for only a short duration (estimated at less than one-half of one second), the display of a website address during program material, for any period of time, that does not comply with the four-prong test is a violation of Section 73.670(b). No evidence has been provided demonstrating that the website complies with the four-prong test set forth in Section 73.670(b) and upon examination of the website we conclude that it does not comply. In particular, the website does not meet the fourth prong of the test because the top of the homepage of the website contains content of a commercial nature in the form of a link labeled "shop." Furthermore, while the website address was only displayed during the closing credits, the Commission has specifically stated that closing credits are considered to be part of the television programming material and are subject to the website address rule.<sup>7</sup>

We note that while the commercial matter may have been inserted into the program by the Station's television network (NBC Network) or programming source (Sprout), this does not relieve the Station of responsibility for the violations. In this regard, the Commission has consistently held that reliance on a program's source or producer for compliance with our children's television rules and policies will not excuse or mitigate violations which do occur. Although corrective actions have been taken to prevent future violations, this does not relieve the Station from liability for violations that have already occurred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 73.670(b). In 2006, on reconsideration, the Commission retained the original text of Section 73.670(b) concluding that "the website address rule fairly balances the interest of broadcasters in exploring the potential uses of the Internet with our mandate to protect children from over-commercialization." The Commission went on to clarify that "broadcasters are free to display the addresses of website that do not comply with the [four-prong] test during allowable commercial time, as long as it is adequately separated from the program material." 2006 Order on Reconsideration, 21 FCC Rcd at 11078, ¶ 32.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> WVTM-TV Children's Television Programming Report, Fourth Quarter 2013 (filed Jan. 9, 2014), available at http://data.fcc.gov/mediabureau/v01/tv/application/KidVid 150304.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 2006 Order on Reconsideration, 21 FCC Rcd at 11080, ¶ 36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See, e.g., WTXX, Inc., Admonishment Letter, 22 FCC Rcd 11968 (Vid. Div. 2007); Max Television of Syracuse, L.P., Notice of Apparent Liability for Forfeiture, 10 FCC Rcd 8905 (MMB 1995).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See International Broadcasting Corp., Memorandum Opinion and Order, 19 FCC 2d 793, 794 (1969) (permitting mitigation as an excuse based upon corrective action following a violation would "tend to encourage remedial rather than preventive action").

We consider any violation of our rules limiting the amount of commercial matter in children's programming to be significant, the violation described in the fourth quarter 2013 children's television programming report appears to have been an isolated occurrence. While we do not rule out more severe sanctions for similar violations of this nature in the future, we have determined that an admonition is appropriate at this time. Therefore, based upon the facts and circumstances before us, we **ADMONISH** the Station for its violation of Section 73.670(b) of the Commission's rules. We remind the Licensee that the Commission expects all commercial television licensees to comply with the limits on commercial matter, including the display of website addresses, during children's programming.

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that, a copy of this Letter shall be sent by First Class and Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested to the licensee at the address listed above.

Sincerely,

Barbara A. Kreisman Chief, Video Division

Media Bureau

cc:

Scott R. Flick Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP 2300 N Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20037