

KRPX

BROADCASTING STATION HISTORY RECORD

First licensed NOVEMBER 12, 1980

Call Letters KRPX

Station Location PRICE, UTAH

Name DART, INC.

Transmitter Location 3.1 mi. SSE of P.O., Price, Utah

Main studio location^x 163 East 100North, Price, Utah
..... TO BE DETERMINED.

Authorization Record

File No.	Granted	Facilities	Expires
BP790404AA (L)	4-11-80	1080khz 2.5kw N-DA CP FOR NEW AM STATION	4-11-81
BP790404AA	6-2-80	CALL LETTERS ASSIGNED	& EBSA ISS.
BL-800908AK(L)	11-12-80 1080khz	Lic. to cover BP-790404AA for NEW AM STATION 2.5kw Daytime (RC)	10-1-83

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

KRPX
NEW AM

Call Letters
Letters

Name DART, Inc.
Price, Utah (PO 727 North 3rd E St., Price, Utah 84501)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action	
			Nature	Date
BP-790404AA PRESS:		Construction permit for new AM on: Frequency: 1080KHz Power: 2.5KW (2.5KW Critical Hours) Hours of operation: DAYTIME TL: 5.0 km SSE of P.O. in Price, Utah SL&RC: to be determined 39 33 43 110 46 36 ATTY: Howard J. Braun	GRANTED	4-11-80
BL-800908AK R & F PRESS SEP 22 1980	9-8-80	Lic. to cover BP-790404AA for NEW AM STATION Atty: Russell C. Balch (Fly, Shuebruk, etc.)	GRANTED	11-12-80

About the History Cards ...

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file. History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form – 3” by 5” filing cards – for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). The History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only one set is known to exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above. Generally, they have been left as negatives as those are often easier to read.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.

